

LASIK Surgery: Safer Than Contacts?

Analysis Shows Higher Long-Term Risk of Infections for Contact Lens Wearers

By Salynn Boyles

WebMD Health News

Reviewed by Louise Chang, MD

Oct. 10, 2006 -- The widely held belief that wearing contact lenses is safer than having laser surgery for vision correction is being challenged.

A leading eye doctor says contact lens users are actually more likely to develop complications that lead to vision loss over time than patients who have LASIK surgery. Based on their review of several large studies, ophthalmologist William Mathers, MD, and colleagues concluded that daily contact lens wearers have about a one in 100 chance of developing a serious lens-relatedeye infection over 30 years of use, and a one in 2,000 chance of suffering significant vision loss as a result. The researchers calculated the risk of significant vision loss due toLASIK surgery to be closer to one in 10,000 cases. They reported their findings in a letter published this month in the journal Archives of Ophthalmology.

"One shouldn't just assume that contacts are safer," Mathers tells WebMD. "This may have been true at one time, but for the average person this is certainly not the case anymore."

Direct Comparisons Difficult

Between 20 and 25 million people in the U.S. wear contact lenses; about a million Americans have laser surgery to correct visionproblems each year. Mathers is an eye surgeon who specializes in treating vision-threatening eye infections at the Oregon Health & Science University's Casey Eye Institute in Portland.

"Several times a year, I have patients who lose eyes from complications because they've been wearing contacts and they've gotten an infection," he says. "By this I mean their eye has to be physically removed from their bodies."

Direct comparisons of the risks vs. benefits of contacts and laser surgery have been difficult because surgical complications are immediate and the risks associated with contact lenses accumulate over many years. The risks associated with long-term use of contact lenses are greater when lenses are used improperly, but they remain even when wearers do everything right, Mathers says.

"Almost everyone who wears contact lenses violates some principle of proper use at some point," he says. "Either they don't wash their hands before putting them in or they use tap water [to store the lenses]. But infections can occur even when this doesn't happen."

Los Angeles ophthalmologist Jim Salz, MD, tells WebMD that sleeping in contacts dramatically increases the risk of infection. Salz is a spokesman for the American Academy of Ophthalmology.

"Out of 10,000 daily contact lens wearers, about one will develop a serious infection over the course of a year," he says, adding that risk increases to one in 1,000 for wearers who sleep in their contacts.

"We advise patients to never sleep in contacts, even if the contacts are approved for this purpose," he says.

Customized Surgery

Salz has been performing LASIK surgeries for the past 15 years. He says better lasers and better training have reduced the incidence of nighttime vision problems and other complications that were not uncommon years ago. One big advance, he says, was the introduction of wavefront LASIK several years ago, which allows eye surgeons to customize the procedure for each eye. A professor of ophthalmology at the University of Southern California, Salz says the risks of wearing contact lenses and having laser surgery are probably similar.

"In most cases the decision really comes down to patient preference," he says.

Mathers acknowledges that his risk estimates are "approximate and subject to change."

He adds that advances in both laser surgery and contact lens technology should make both approaches to vision correction even safer in years to come.

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YAHOO! Is LASIK Surgery Worth the Money?

By Julia Sonenshein April 17, 2015 12:00 AM

I've had poor vision since the fifth grade — and it's steadily and steeply declined ever since. Now I see so poorly that driving after dark is dangerous. After spending hundreds of dollars a year on glasses and contacts, I'm considering LASIK. The cost is daunting, but does the one-time expense outweigh the neverending fees I already pay?

Let's break down the average costs of eye care. Depending on location and your insurance coverage, eye exams run between \$50 and \$100, and most doctors recommend that you come in every two years. My contacts cost me a staggering \$580 per year, and I spend about \$100 a year on solution. I buy glasses twice every five years or so, and my last two pairs cost \$100 each. So in the last



five years alone, I spent around \$3,700 on my eyes. Should I live to be 90 and my expenses somehow don't go up, I'm looking at another **\$48,100 over my lifetime**.

Now let's look at LASIK.

Prices vary state to state, and the average cost in 2013 was \$2,073 per eye, or \$4,146 total. For a one-time fix, that seems pretty reasonable, and you can pay for LASIK with a Flex Spending Account if you have one. But keep in mind that the one-time cost of LASIK can be somewhat deceptive. Most people over 50 require reading glasses, and you'll still need to see an eye doctor in order to get *that* assessed. Then it's back to buying glasses every few years — although reading glasses cost significantly less than a regular supply of contacts.

Glasses or contacts don't carry inherent risks like an operation, and LASIK's risks shouldn't be overlooked. It can cause dry eyes, double vision, and astigmatism. In rare cases, your vision can simply go back to its original quality. Some people require a touch-up after 10 years. And \$4,000 is a lot to shell out to land back at square one. But if everything does go perfectly, a 30-year-old would save thousands before hitting the post-50 decline and requiring reading glasses.

The bottom line: Yeah, I'm getting LASIK. I may be terrified of having anything near my eyes, but thinking about the massive lifetime savings calms my fears.